

Ensuring Equal Access to Quality Education for All





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If we are to enjoy global prosperity, we all must close the inequality gap, and foster full participation. The best way to do that is through education and capacity building.

Education is a powerful tool that can uplift individuals and communities, providing the skills and knowledge necessary to improve their lives and contribute to society.



However in Indonesia, there are still a number of barriers that hinder our access to quality education.



Indonesia at a glimpse

- a) Geographical barriers.
- b) Economic barriers.
- **Teacher Training and supports.** C)
- Leveraging Technology. d)
- e) Promoting Equality (Empower marginalized community and people with special need.



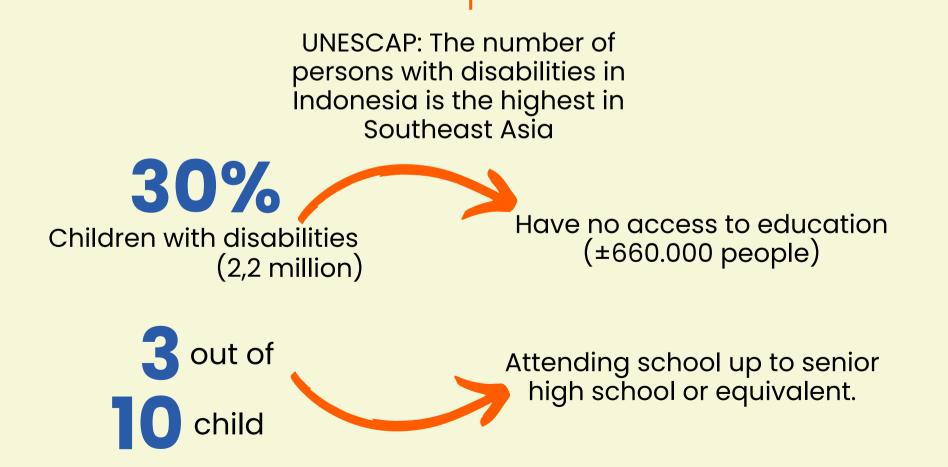
THE ESTIMATED HIGH PREVALENCE OF DISABILITIES **IN INDONESIA**



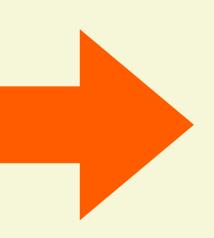
National Economic Survey

28,05 MILLION PERSONS WITH DISABILITIES





1 IN 10 RESIDENTS IS



There is no exclusive higher education specifically for students with disabilities in Indonesia yet.

1. Various Children with Special Needs

Vision impairment	Hearing Impairment (Deaf)	Intellect Disabili (Mentally dis
Mental Impairments	Multiple Disabilities	Autism Spe Disorde



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Physically Disability

ectrum Ier Learning Disabilities, ADHD, Dyslexia, PDD NDS, etc.

Inclusive, there are already quite a few universities in Indonesia, but they come with various challenges.

> Research findings on 12 inclusive schools

Emerging issues: 1. Understanding 2.Implementation 3. School policies 4. Teacher conditions 5. Support system



Several factors considered to be issues: Policy development with an inclusive

- lens
- Adequate and disaggregated data on students
- Appropriate curriculum
- Teachers' competencies and attitudes
- Technology as an assistive tool
- Language and communication
- Physical access, including transportation
- Community and family engagement

Persons with disabilities **2.80** who complete their education up to higher education.



Autistic children are children who experience outstanding fundamental disorders, so they are unable to interact with their environment. Therefore, autistic children tend to closed and indifferent, and do not pay attention to their surroundings.

2. Definition of Children with Special Needs Kanner in Jamaris (2006)

3. Children with Special Needs (ABK) in the Child Protection Law UU PA No. 35 of 2014





For More Information

London School Centre For Autism Awareness

Sudirman Park Office, Rukan C-16 JI. K.H. Mas Mansyur Kav.35 Jakarta Pusat 10220

Telp: 021 2933 8944Fax: 021 2933 8945Hotline: 0815 1130 0225

Facebook : London School Centre For Autism Awareness Twitter : LSCAA17 Website : www.lspr.edu/csr/autismawareness A guide to autism

Don't Put Me Aside

Hope for Autistic Individuals (Special Needs)





Studying









Visit









Performance



Integration with mainstream students



Video LSBA bahasa China

ジャカルタとバリ島にあるスキールトレ

Better Future

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TITET

Future Hope and Expectation

- The government plays a larger role in fulfilling the rights of children with special needs (ABK).
- The private sector opens more job opportunities.
- A society that is more welcoming to children with special needs.
- Children with special needs have equal rights in Indonesia and in the world.
- Parents actively participate in the independence and development of children with special needs.



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Parent Training, Parent Mentoring, and Coaching Guidebook

for Parents of Children with Developmental Disorders in Southeast Asia





Development of a Coaching-based Guidebook to Enhance the Quality of Life of Parents of Persons with Developmental Disorders in Southeast Asia

Edited By Ryuhei Sano Lynette Lee Corporal-Penman Takuma Kato Asuka Nagatani





ERIA Research Project Report

No. 10





Current Status and Issues of Healthcare Policies for Persons with Developmental Disorders in Southeast Asia

Edited By Ryuhei Sano Takuma Kato Asuka Nagatani Rudi Sukandar Hersinta







Let me introduce my daughter Raysha



PONDOK INDAH





Raysha was diagnosed with severe autism at the age of 2.5 years.

Classical Autism

- Non verbal
- Sleeping disorder
- Motorik & issues
- Behavior issues = Repetition, rigid, sound, smell, lighting



Early Intervention

Speech Therapy

Dolphin

Ice Skating

SELAM



Horse Riding





ASPER



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Debby Jean-Marie, B.A, N.TM Dip. CNM, mANP Naturophatic Nutritional Therapist









Rachmat Gobel





Raysha Foundation



Raysha Foundation

LS

Sabtu,

Raysha THIS DONATION Ruma: Autis RP 37.620.000

THIS DONATION YC I RP 37.620.000

London School **Beyond Academy** AWARENESS FESTIVAL 2 We Can COLOUR The 14 Mei 2023





For management of creativities: Painting exhibition, Merchandise, Collaboration



For Charity, donation, scholarship, etc.

The MOU Sig

A collaboration between

Video tanpa suara 00pr

ay, Febr



- to the giver.
- to those who witness it.

Kindness given brings happiness

• Kindness received brings happiness to the recipient.

Kindness in action also brings joy

Video Raysha dengan subtitle Chinese suara Dirar

